#### Lesson Plan Candidate: Beth Kostka

Strategy: Task Rotation

Unit Name Astronomy	
Lesson Name	Time Needed (Hours/Days)
Views of the Solar System and Early Astronomers	2 days

Grade	Subject	Course
6	Earth Space	6th grade Earth Space Science

#### **Essential Question(s)**

QUESTION	What should students know when lesson is completed?	
	QUESTION	
What does it take for scientific ideas to change?	What does it take for scientific ideas to change?	

#### Standard

#### GSE

## S6E1. Obtain, evaluate, and communicate information about current scientific views of the universe and how those views evolved.

**a.** Ask questions to determine changes in models of Earth's position in the solar system as evidence that scientific theories change with the addition of new information.

#### Learning Targets:

- I can conduct <u>research</u> to <u>identify</u> early astronomers and their different theories of Earth's place in our solar system
- I can explain how the view of Earth's position in the solar system has changed over time
- I can <u>discuss</u> how scientific theories change with the addition of new information and <u>give an</u> <u>example</u> of when this has happened in history.

#### **Teacher Lesson Preparation**

<u>Prior Knowledge/Skills:</u> Prior to the task rotation, students will be introduced space and its scale through video clips. In each unit, students discuss scale and patterns (NGSS Cross Cutting Concepts Standards) and this will aid them in understanding why it was hard to accurately observe and infer knowledge of our solar system throughout history.

<u>Gifted Identification</u>: Students are identified as gifted through CSD testing and qualification. I have 24 students identified as gifted in science plus 16 Gifted in Math and/or Gifted in Reading and 1 twice exceptional (for a total of 41 gifted students in my class).

Goals/Standards: The goals of the lesson are for students to be able to

- Conduct their own research into early astronomers and identify their views on the solar system.
- Use their notes to show their understanding of the learning target
- Explain how the view of Earth's position in the solar system has changed over time
- Discuss that scientific theories change with the addition of new information

#### Pre-assessment:

To pre-assessed whether students have met the learning goals prior to this lesson, they were given a google form pre-test with 30 questions on astronomy. Specifically the 4 questions on the view of the universe will be reviewed.

#### Misconceptions:

Based on assessment from prior years and from \_\_\_\_\_ website, I know that students have misconceptions that the view of Earth orbiting around the sun has always been agreed upon. Additional indirect misconceptions that exist about our solar system include

- The Earth is the center of the **Solar System** about which the other objects revolve.
- The **Solar System** formed during the Big Bang, along with the rest of the Universe.
- The Solar System is the same as our Galaxy.

"Grouping strategies": Students will not be grouped. This is an individual project.

#### Text Choice:

Attempted to choose the primary reading from NewsELA, but no text was close enough aligned to the topic. As a result, one of the two primary texts for each astronomer to be researched was chosen from **WorldBook**. The second text was written personally by Beth Kostka. The text written by Beth Kostka were leveled for lower lexile reading using the website rewordify.com.

#### Special Population Consideration:

Texts purposely include female astronomers to connect with the special population of female gifed students. Graphic organizer provides structure for twice gifted students and the self expressive task is provided for creatively identified gifted students.

## Activating Strategy (for example: Hook/Mini-Lesson/Warm-Up/Connection to Prior Learning)

<u>Hook/Activating Strategy</u>: Students will watch time-lapse video of a night sky and make observations of what is located in the night sky and how it moves. Students will then be asked to look at a model of the Earth and solar system and explain whether they agree with the model based solely on their observations of the time-lapse photography. By making their own observations of the night sky students will connect with early astronomers to understand why they believed as they did (that the Earth is the center of the solar system) since students will see the stars and planets arcing across the night sky appearing to orbit the Earth.

#### **Instructional Sequence and Activities**

The focus of this activity is for students to independently learn about early astronomers and their theories of the solar system, connecting that ideas change over time with new evidence. To achieve this, the lesson is broken into Parts. Part 1: research and take notes using a graphic organizer, Part 2: Synthesize learning and show what you now know by completing a task using their notes, and Part 3: Synthesis wrap up.

#### Part 1-Research and Notes (to be used in task rotation activity)

After the Activating strategy, students will be introduced to the webquest research activity during which students will read text and watch videos about early astronomers and their theories of Earth's place in the solar system. During the research, students will complete a graphic organizer to focus and facilitate learning. Students have completed this kind of task before so they are familiar with webquest research activity. (See the Notes graphic organizer below). Students will work at their own pace through the research. During the research the teacher will move around the room asking probing questions "Which view of the solar system does that scientist have? What was their evidence? Why did they think that? How is their view different from \_\_\_\_\_\_ scientist's?"

#### Part 2: Synthesize learning and show what you now know

When finished with the research and note taking activity, students will then read the four choices provided and choose one based on their preferred learning style (Mastery, Understanding, Interpersonal, Self Expressive) to show they have achieved the learning goal ("I can <u>explain</u> how the view of Earth's position in the solar system has changed over time and that scientific theories change with the addition of new information.)

Mastery	Understanding	Interpersonal	Expressive
Learning Style	Learning Style	Learning Style	Learning Style
Create a timeline showing how the views of the solar system have changed over time. For each point on the timeline, be sure to include • Date • Astronomer • View of universe • Why think this	Create a chart to Compare and contrast the two main views of the solar system by early astronomers either in a chart or a double bubble graphic organizer. Be sure to include Name of view Similarities Difference Who believed in it Drawing of it	What is your view of the universe? Draw a picture (model) of it and include labels and what evidence rom your reading that convinces you that you are right?	Create a poster of a famous early Astronomer. Be sure to include for each scientist Name Picture of scientist Years alive View of the Universe Draw a model of their view of the Solar System What makes this scientist famous 2 interesting facts

# <u>Choice Assignment</u>: Choose one of the four tasks below to show your understanding of the learning target. Hand your final product into the bin by the door. Follow the rubric and directions when completing your task

#### Part 3: Synthesis Wrap Up

When finished with task, students will share their understanding and finished products in groups of four. Grouping will be made to have all four learning styles represented in a single group. Each student in a group will have 5 minutes to present their product. At the end of the presentations, students will work as a group to complete a CER (Claim Evidence Reasoning statement) ticket out the door that answers the question **"How have scientific theories changed with the addition of new information and give an example** of when this has happened in history." All products and CER statements will be hung around the room and in the science hallway to show learning and student engagement.

#### Part 4: Survey:

Students will be asked in a google form 1) Why they chose the task they did, 2) Which learning style do they prefer, 3) would they choose that learning style again, and 4) Which learning style they would like to complete the least and why.

#### Assessment Strategies

#### **Evidence of Learning**

- Students will be able to <u>identify</u> early astronomers and their different theories of Earth's place in our solar system
- Students will be able to <u>explain</u> how the view of Earth's position in the solar system has changed over time
- Students will be able to <u>discuss</u> how scientific theories change with the addition of new information and <u>give an example</u> of when this has happened in history.

**Assessment:** Students will be formatively assessed based on teacher observations and question responses during independent research and product work. Their responses to the CER will also be formatively assessed. The summative assessment will be graded based on a rubric provided to students (see below).

#### Differentiation

Scaffolds/ Interventions/Extensions/Enrichment/Adaptations for Special Pops students

This lesson differentiates by process (types of scaffolding-graphic organizer vs none) and product (choice for learning style). In addition, it differentiates by content where students who struggle to focus or have other reasons for not completing tasks receive fewer scientists (3) to research verses seven.

Specifically, scaffolds (graphic organizers and timeline checklist) are provided to gifted students needing help with organizational skills. Gifted students who are quick to grasp content and motivated to complete assignments have acceleration options of additional/expanded text sources (see materials section). Gifted students who are struggling writers will be provided with graphic organizer with sentence starters and if completely necessary, "flipgrid" to aid them in verbally articulating their understandings. Struggling readers will receive differentiation with tiered lexile

text, a video, sentence starters, and checklist. Finally, creatively gifted students are planned for by including tasks across all learning styles including self-expressive.

Special populations are planned for through text extensions-Women astronomers and minority astronomers (see materials below).

#### Materials/Links/Text References/Resources

#### Texts

#### Ptolomy

- https://drive.google.com/a/csdecatur.net/file/d/0B4BDKk\_Cf5vUZGZ1WmFLQW Rra0U/view?usp=sharing
- <u>https://docs.google.com/a/csdecatur.net/document/d/1zE1S6pHOR7GE1nc-zRj\_Fj</u> <u>GRdE-m\_aYMCQMrdPfNd1Q/edit?usp=sharing</u>

#### Copernicus

- <u>https://drive.google.com/a/csdecatur.net/file/d/0B4BDKk\_Cf5vUb2wydjlGM2xzc</u> <u>UE/view?usp=sharing</u>
- <u>https://docs.google.com/a/csdecatur.net/document/d/1Z5S9E4C3AThj6bvKhOM5</u> <u>nXJdMY1-IE1i3UOpsR3AGSE/edit?usp=sharing</u>

#### Galileo and Newton

- Brainpop
- <u>https://drive.google.com/a/csdecatur.net/file/d/0B4BDKk\_Cf5vUN2RPdjdfMmMt</u> <u>MDA/view?usp=sharing</u>
- <u>https://docs.google.com/a/csdecatur.net/document/d/1XG9JgCnmXAxQ3xPcthUN</u> 4q59EB-ZWKMUsjOf\_1qU-xQ/edit?usp=sharing
- <u>https://drive.google.com/a/csdecatur.net/file/d/0B4BDKk\_Cf5vUejFZd2o5RENpV</u> <u>lE/view?usp=sharing</u>

#### Kepler

- <u>https://drive.google.com/a/csdecatur.net/file/d/0B4BDKk\_Cf5vUNG84SExIcG9Fd</u> <u>Dg/view?usp=sharing</u>
- <u>https://docs.google.com/a/csdecatur.net/document/d/18d-dVoefziaSSecXxq3k-1EN</u> <u>dKoD-lhYDScuRzCshWY/edit?usp=sharing</u>

#### Aristerchus

• <u>https://drive.google.com/a/csdecatur.net/file/d/0B4BDKk\_Cf5vUSENESmhxaDcw</u> <u>a0U/view?usp=sharing</u>

#### Female Astronomers

- <u>https://armaghplanet.com/3-female-astronomers-who-struggled-for-the-stars.html</u>
- <u>https://www.mnn.com/leaderboard/stories/10-female-astronomers-everyone-shoul</u> <u>d-know</u>

#### Minority Astronomers

• <u>http://www.math.buffalo.edu/mad/physics/astronomy-peeps.html</u>

### ATTACHED DOCUMENTS Handout MEET THE EARLY ASTRONOMERS

### And their views of the sky

<u>TASK</u>: At the end of today's learning you will <u>use your notes</u> below to either create a timeline, draw a double bubble map, create a poster, or explain your own view of the universe to show your understanding of the learning target

• I can <u>explain</u> how the view of Earth's position in the solar system has changed over time and that scientific theories change with the addition of new information.

<u>Directions</u>: TAKE NOTES IN ALL OF THE BOXES BELOW. First read, watch or view the resources provided in the left column below. For each scientist take notes on place of birth, year, his/her view of solar system, why they had this view and other interesting facts. You will then use these notes to complete a choice assignment at the bottom of the page to show what you have learned.

Text/Media to teach me:	I learned/Makes me think:
Ptolemy - <u>Read this Ptolemy article from</u> <u>WorldBook.</u> <u>Read this Ptolemy article.</u>	<ul> <li>Place of birth:</li> <li>Birth Year:</li> <li>He believed that the was the center of our solar system.</li> <li>Why did he believe this?</li> <li>At least 2 other interesting facts:</li> </ul>
Copernicus- Read this Copernicus article from WorldBook. Read this Copernicus article.	<ul> <li>Place of birth:</li> <li>Birth Year:</li> <li>He believed that the was the center of our solar system.</li> <li>Why did he believe this?</li> <li>At least 2 other interesting facts:</li> </ul>
Galileo - 1. <u>Watch BrainPop</u> User name: decaturga Password: decatur 2. <u>Read this Galileo article</u> <u>from WorldBook.</u> 3. <u>Read this Galileo article.</u>	<ul> <li>Place of birth:</li> <li>Birth Year:</li> <li>He believed that the was the center of our solar system.</li> <li>Why did he believe this?</li> <li>At least 2 other interesting facts:</li> </ul>
Kepler -	Place of birth:

Read this Kepler article from WorldBook. Read this Kepler Article	<ul> <li>Birth Year:</li> <li>He believed that the was the center of our solar system.</li> <li>Why did he believe this?</li> <li>At least 2 other interesting facts:</li> </ul>
Newton - <u>Watch this Newton</u> <u>BrainPop.</u> User name: decaturga Password: decatur <u>Read this Newton article from</u> <u>WorldBook.</u>	<ul> <li>Place of birth:Birth Year:</li> <li>He believed that the was the center of our solar system.</li> <li>Why did he believe this?</li> <li>At least 2 other interesting facts:</li> </ul>
Aristarchus - <u>Read this Aristarchus article from</u> <u>WorldBook.</u>	<ul> <li>Place of birth:</li> <li>Birth Year:</li> <li>He believed that the was the center of our solar system.</li> <li>Why did he believe this?</li> </ul>
Early female astronomers	Name of female astronomer:
Look at <u>this website</u> to find out more about female astronomers who struggled for the stars Extra: more female astronomers at <u>this website</u>	Place of birth: Birth Year: At least 2 other interesting facts:

# <u>Choice Assignment</u>: Choose one of the four tasks below to show your understanding of the learning target. Hand your final product into the bin by the door.

Mastery	Understanding	Interpersonal	Expressive
Learning Style	Learning Style	Learning Style	Learning Style
Create a timeline showing how the views of the universe have changed over time. For each point on the timeline, be sure to include • Date • Astronomer • View of universe • Why think this	Compare and contrast the two main views of the solar system by early astronomers either in a chart or a double bubble graphic organizer. Be sure to include • Name of view • Similarities	What is your view of the solar system? Which of the views you researched do you agree with. Draw a picture (model) of it and include what evidence convinces you that you are right?	Create a poster for one of the famous Astronomers be sure to include • Name • Years alive • View of the Universe • Draw a model of their view of the Universe

<ul><li>Difference</li><li>Who believed in it</li></ul>	•	What makes this scientist famous 2 interesting facts
	-	

#### RUBRIC for Task Rotation (Total 50 points)

Criteria	Full Credit 10 Points	Half Credit 8 points	Partial Credit 6 points	Grade:
<b>Content:</b> Is the content of the product well chosen?	Content or model chosen represents the best choice for the product. Graphics are well chosen and related to content.	Information, model or graphics are related to content, but are not the best choice for the product	Information, model or graphics presented does not appear to be related to topic or tasks.	
<b>Completeness:</b> Is everything included in the product?	<b>All</b> information needed is <b>included</b> . Product meets the product criteria and the criteria of the task as stated.	Includes <b>most</b> important information. Product meets the product criteria and the criteria of the task as stated.	Includes <b>less</b> <b>than 50%</b> of the important information. The product does not meet the task, or does not meet the product	
Creativity: Is the product original?	Presentation and Graphics are original. Product includes an element of fun, interest, or creativity.	Presentation of information is from a new perspective. Graphics are not original. Product has elements of fun and interest.	There is no evidence of new thoughts or perspectives in the product.	
<b>Correctness</b> : Is all the information included correct?	All the information presented in the product is correct and accurate	N/A	Any portion of the information presented in the product is incorrect.	
<b>Communication</b> : Is the information in the product well communicated?	<b>Everything</b> is neat & easy to read. It is in appropriate format & shows significant effort. Presentations are easy to	Most of the product is neat and easy to read. Product is in appropriate format and show	The product is not neat and easy to read or the product is not the appropriate format. It does not	

understand and	significant effort.	show significant	
presented with	Oral presentations	effort. Oral	
fluency. NO COPY	are easy to	presentation was	
AND PASTED	understand, with	not fluent or easy	
INFO!	some fluency.	to understand.	

Power point Part 1: https://drive.google.com/open?id=1muEoQqY5I\_kINwep5Eb-tsljI7UG4XQm



Webquest (research day)



hoose on arned.	e task to	show wh	at you
Choice Assignment C the learning larget Ha Mostery Learning Style	hoose one of the four of your final product ( Understanding Learning Style	tasks below to show y into the bin by the doo interpersonal Learning Style	Expressive Learning Style
Create a limitine showing how the views of the universe have changed own time. For each point on the include • Date • Astronomer • stave of any each • Why blink this	Compare and centrate the two main views of the solar system by early obstances when in a chart or a double bubble graphic organizer. Be sure to include • Same or vew • Samianties • Otherence • Who beleved in it	What is your view of the university? Draw a picture (model) of it and include what evidence convinces you that you are right?	Create a poster for one of the tamous Astronomes be sure to include • Name • Years silve • View of the Universe • Draw a model of mer view of the Universe • What makes this sciential tamous

Criteria	Full Credit 10 Points	Hart Credit 8 points	Partial Credit 6 points	Grade
Content: Is the soniset of the product well choses?	Content or model chosen represents the best choice for the product. Graphics are well chosen and related to content.	Information, model or graphics are related to content, but are not the best choice for the product.	Information, model or graphics presented does not appear to be reliated to topic or tanks.	
Completeness: is everything included in the product?	All information needed is included. Product meets the product orients and the orients of the task as stated.	Includus most important information. Product meets fire product orienta and the orienta of the tesk as stated.	Includes less than 50% of the important information. The product does not most the lask, or does not meat the product.	
Creativity: Is the product original?	Presentation and Graphics are original. Product includes an element of fun, internet, or creativity	Presentation of information is from a new perspective. Graphics are not original. Product has elements of fun and interest.	There is no evidence of new thoughts or perspectives in the product.	



#### PPT Part 2



### Formative Post Lesson Survey

offiative rost Lesson Survey	Which learning style do you prefer? *
Which learning task did you choose? *	O Learning with FACTS (Mastery)
C Timeline (Mastery Learner)	O Learning with big ideas or connections (Understanding)
O Compare and Contrast (Understanding Learner)	O Learning by connecting to SELF (Interpersonal)
O Draw MY model (connecting to me- Interpersonal learner)	O Learning by doing something creative (Self-Expressive)
O Draw a poster (Creative Learner)	
	Which learning style do you like the least? *
Why did you chose this task? *	O Learning with FACTS (Mastery)
Your answer	O Learning with big ideas or connections (Understanding)
Would you choose this task again? *	O Learning by connecting to SELF (Interpersonal)
○ Yes	<ul> <li>Learning by doing something creative (Self-Expressive)</li> </ul>
O No	0 3 , 3 , ,
O Maybe	Why do you like that learning style the least? $^{\star}$
	Your answer
Why or why not? *	